

Name

Class

MATHS TEACHER HUB

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Functions

(9 – 1) Topic booklet

HIGHER

These questions have been collated from previous years GCSE Mathematics papers.

You must have: Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, pair of compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser.

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- Diagrams are NOT accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- You must **show all your working out.**
- If the question is a **1F** question you are not allowed to use a calculator.
- If the question is a **2F** or a **3F** question, you may use a calculator to help you answer.

Information

- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Answer ALL questions
Write your answers in the space provided.
You must write down all the stages in your working.

9 The functions f and g are such that

$$f(x) = 3(x - 4) \text{ and } g(x) = \frac{x}{5} + 1$$

(a) Find the value of $f(10)$

.....
(1)

(b) Find $g^{-1}(x)$

$$g^{-1}(x) = \text{.....}$$

(2)

(c) Show that $ff(x) = 9x - 48$

(2)

10 $f(x) = 4\sin x^\circ$

(a) Find $f(23)$

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

.....
(1)

$g(x) = 2x - 3$

(b) Find $fg(34)$

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

.....
(2)

$h(x) = (x + 4)^2$

Ivan needs to solve the following equation $h(x) = 25$

He writes

$$(x + 4)^2 = 25$$

$$x + 4 = 5$$

$$x = 1$$

This is not fully correct.

(c) Explain why.

.....
.....
(1)

10 The function f is such that

$$f(x) = 4x - 1$$

(a) Find $f^{-1}(x)$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \dots\dots\dots$$

(2)

The function g is such that

$$g(x) = kx^2 \text{ where } k \text{ is a constant.}$$

Given that $fg(2) = 12$

(b) work out the value of k

$$k = \dots\dots\dots$$

(2)

11 f and g are functions such that

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{x^2} \quad \text{and} \quad g(x) = 4x^3$$

(a) Find $f(-5)$

.....
(1)

(b) Find $fg(1)$

.....
(2)

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(Total for Question 11 is 3 marks)

18 The function f is given by

$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 4$$

(a) Show that $f^{-1}(50) = 3$

(2)

The functions g and h are given by

$$g(x) = x + 2 \quad \text{and} \quad h(x) = x^2$$

(b) Find the values of x for which

$$hg(x) = 3x^2 + x - 1$$

.....
(4)

18 $f(x) = 3x^2 - 2x - 8$

Express $f(x + 2)$ in the form $ax^2 + bx$

19 The functions g and h are such that

$$g(x) = \sqrt[3]{2x - 5} \quad h(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

(a) Find $g(16)$

.....
(1)

(b) Find $hg^{-1}(x)$

Give your answer in terms of x in its simplest form.

$hg^{-1}(x) = \dots\dots\dots$
(3)

19 f and g are functions such that

$$f(x) = \frac{12}{\sqrt{x}} \quad \text{and} \quad g(x) = 3(2x + 1)$$

(a) Find $g(5)$

.....
(1)

(b) Find $gf(9)$

.....
(2)

(c) Find $g^{-1}(6)$

.....
(2)

19 For all values of x

$$f(x) = (x + 1)^2 \quad \text{and} \quad g(x) = 2(x - 1)$$

(a) Show that $gf(x) = 2x(x + 2)$

(2)

(b) Find $g^{-1}(7)$

.....
(2)

21 The functions f and g are such that

$$f(x) = 3x^2 + 1 \quad \text{for } x > 0 \quad \text{and} \quad g(x) = \frac{4}{x^2} \quad \text{for } x > 0$$

(a) Work out $gf(1)$

.....
(2)

The function h is such that $h = (fg)^{-1}$

(b) Find $h(x)$

.....
(4)

21 The functions f and g are such that

$$f(x) = 3x - 1 \quad \text{and} \quad g(x) = x^2 + 4$$

(a) Find $f^{-1}(x)$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \dots\dots\dots (2)$$

Given that $fg(x) = 2gf(x)$,

(b) show that $15x^2 - 12x - 1 = 0$

(5)

22 $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$
 $g(x) = 2x + 3$

$h(x) = fg(x)$

Find $h^{-1}(x)$

$h^{-1}(x) = \dots\dots\dots$

22 The functions f and g are such that

$$f(x) = 5x + 3 \quad g(x) = ax + b \quad \text{where } a \text{ and } b \text{ are constants.}$$

$$g(3) = 20 \quad \text{and} \quad f^{-1}(33) = g(1)$$

Find the value of a and the value of b .

$$a = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$b = \dots\dots\dots$$